

## ABILENE REFLECTOR

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
STROTHER BROS.

### TOPICS OF THE DAY.

#### News from Everywha

THE net falling off in Internal Revenue during July and August was \$6,094, 000.

ONE HUNDRED Canadian cattle suspected of being diseased were killed on arrival at Liverpool on the 30th.

THE United States steamship Monocacy has been ordered back to Corea to continue the series of surveys begun there.

THERE were twelve vessels quarantined at Ship Island, from which nineteen cases of yellow fever had been taken, on the 30th.

PARNELL recently said he hoped that the migration scheme would render it unnecessary for Ireland again to ask aid from abroad.

THE Captain and officers of the United States frigate Vandalia were entertained at a ball and supper by the Montreal Yacht Club on the 30th.

THE Treasury Department on the 30th purchased 345,000 ounces of silver for delivery at the San Francisco, New Orleans and Philadelphia Mints.

SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS damages is the amount claimed against the owners of the steamer St. Germain, which sunk the Woodburn recently in the English Channel.

REPORTS to the 29th from one hundred tobacco towns in the Connecticut and Housatonic Valleys indicate that the tobacco crop will be a full average and excellent in quality.

BISMARCK is reported to have received so much benefit from the waters of Kissenegg that he wishes to return to Friedrichsruhe, but the doctors urge him to take up his residence at Gastien.

IN an address before the Chamber of Commerce of Greenock, Scotland, Hon. Alex. McKenzie said he thought Canada would soon return to Free-Trade and that the idea of separation from England was absurd.

THE Washington Star of the 30th said it was rumored that an investigation which has been made will disclose startling and sensational developments as to how the verdict in the Star-route trial was secured.

A GRAND fete under the auspices of the press of Paris was given at the Tuilleries Gardens on the evening of the 27th, the proceeds of which (300,000 francs) were to be devoted to the relief of the sufferers at Ischia.

THE Marietta Chemical Works of Black Rock, Conn., burned on the 31st and nearly all the stock. The loss on building and fixtures is \$35,000; stock, \$30,000. They were owned by a stock company, of which N. G. Miller of New York is President.

THE New Orleans Grand Jury in its recent report suggests as a sanitary measure that cremation be established under the direction of officers of the Charity Hospital for the purpose of burning the bodies of those who die from contagious diseases.

HANLAN, the oarsman, returned to Toronto, Ont., on the 27th, where he intended to rest a few days pending the Carlton Place regatta on September 6, whence he goes to Cincinnati. He would go to Australia to row Laycock if reasonable expenses were allowed.

A REPORT reached Washington on the 28th that Secretary Teller had met the President at the Upper Geyser basin in the Yellowstone Park, and that an unpleasant interview followed in relation to the proposed removal of the Apaches to the San Carlos Reservation. The report was, however, discredited.

REPORTS of the 30th say the French harvest returns were unsatisfactory. Of the eighty-five departments, thirty-seven report crops above an average, while fifteen report average crops and thirty-three crops below an average. It is certain that large imports of cereals will be necessary the coming winter.

A FREE library was given to the town of Dunfermline, Scotland, recently by Andrew Carnegie of New York. It was opened on the 29th by Lord Roseberry, who spoke in praise of the generous Carnegie. He also referred to the visit he intends to make shortly to America, a country which he said had always been dear to him.

REPORTS of the 31st stated that the drought in Eastern New England, which had lasted five or six weeks, had become so serious that crops had been greatly injured, with the prospect of still further damage if the drought was not broken. Farmers were compelled to take their cows from the pastures and feed them on winter hay.

THE Washington City Post-office was supplied with the first installment of the new postal notes on the 30th. They are printed in yellow ink and bound in books of 500, with stubs that are to be filled up with brief statements of the amounts of detached notes, and other particulars. Eighty thousand books have been sent to the various money-order offices of the country.

THE following are the Naval Cadets to be court-martialed for hazing: Cadets Kness, Moller and Campbell, New York; Triggler, Breed and Tisdale, Kentucky; Bullard, Pennsylvania; Bird and Hawkes, Wisconsin; Winram, Missouri; Dodd and Johnson, Indiana; Young, Virginia; Trappell, West Virginia; Strite, Maryland; Bertholf and Andrews, New Jersey, all members of the third class.

THE Receiver of the Indiana Banking Company submitted a statement of assets and liabilities on the 31st. The total liabilities were placed at \$805,217.75, of which \$256,890.59 was due on certificates of deposit, and \$548,327.16 on individual deposits. The face value of the assets was \$909,894.67, but the appraised value reduced them to \$466,538.92. It was not believed that depositors would realize over forty per cent. on their claims.

### PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE 28th passed without a case of any sickness at Pensacola. At the Navy Yard three new cases of fever were reported, one of them the daughter of Surgeon Owen. Mrs. Owen is dead.

BURGLARS broke into a store in Mount Clemens, Mich., the night of the 28th and carried off a wagon-load of the most valuable goods.

FROSTS prevailed in the Province of Quebec on the night of the 27th.

THE annual convention of the Fire Underwriters of the Northwest began on the 29th at Chicago.

THE steamer John Rowen was disabled and beached in Massachusetts Bay with 700 passengers on board on the 29th. No loss of life.

TWO HUNDRED head of Jersey cattle and a number of ponies, sheep, and hogs, valued at \$75,000, were landed at Chester, Pa., on the 29th from Hull. The animals were quarantined.

LIEUTENANT BOUTELLE NOYES of the United States navy was killed at Yokohama recently by the fall of a spar while the crew were exercising.

JACOB ANTONBURY shot and mortally wounded Jacob Bush and then blew out his own brains at Indianapolis on the 28th, and wounded two other persons in the operation.

DAVITT, Sexton and Parnell attended a meeting of the Irish National League at Dublin on the 29th.

PAYMASTER Zachary T. Brown died of yellow fever at the Pensacola Navy Yard on the 29th.

LIEUT-COMMANDER Thomas and Lieutenants Woods and Meigs will compose the court to try the Naval Cadet hazers. Cadets Breed of Kentucky, and Strite of Maryland were not among the hazers, and Cadets Reilly of Wisconsin and Witherspoon of Connecticut have been added to the list of culprits.

THERE were twelve deaths from cholera in Alexandria on the 28th; 114 in Upper Egypt and seven in Lower Egypt.

A FARMER named Cutcher was found dead in his wagon in Shiawassee County, Mich., on the 28th, supposed to have been poisoned with strychnine administered by a rival in love.

RUSSIAN officials now in Bulgaria are to remain two years longer by command of the Czar, and opposition to their rule is to be treated as rebellion.

IN Vienna the summoning of the German Parliament was held to indicate that Spain had been admitted to the triple alliance.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, out of consideration for French feelings, decided not to hold the annual review of the Guards on the anniversary of Sedan.

THE imports of British iron and steel during July were 70,303 tons against 108,398 tons for the corresponding month last year. The imports of iron and steel for the first seven months of the year compared with the corresponding period of last year show a decrease of 7,326,075 tons.

THE California Cotton Mill Company has been incorporated; capital stock, \$600,000. The factory will be located at Oakland. Spinning and weaving cotton works are now in progress in California.

ELEVEN thousand bales of New South Wales, Victorian and Cape wool were sold in London on the 29th.

THE London Missionary Society has denied the statement that Mr. Shaw, the English Missionary, intended to press a claim for indemnity against France for the loss of his property in Madagascar, and for false imprisonment.

HENRY VILLARD, President of the Northern Pacific Railway, with his German guests, fifty-five in party, were at Niagara Falls on the 29th; also Count Lippe Weissenfels, Minister for Austro-Hungary, and Baron Von Esencheer, Minister of the German Empire.

REV. HOWELL GARDNER, who was so badly injured in the Riverdale explosion recently, died on the 30th.

IT was reported on the 29th that the Emperor of Abyssinia, having heard that King Menelek of Shoa intended to send an embassy to France to solicit a French protectorate over Shoa, had declared war against King Menelek and the Abyssinian army had already invaded Shoa.

THERE were thirteen deaths from cholera in Alexandria on the 30th.

RECENTLY a stage was upset in the streets of Aguascalientes, Mexico, when robbers gathered and plundered it of all small articles that could be easily made away with.

A MAN recently arrived at Guaymas Mexico from the Lower California gold diggings with a nugget of gold weighing nearly eight pounds.

ABOUT 160 returning Knights, comprising parts of the Michigan, Pennsylvania and other Commanderies, visited Salt Lake City on the 30th.

THERE were three new cases of yellow fever at Pensacola on the 30th, a servant in Dr. Owens' family, Freddie Owens and a hospital attendant. There was one death.

IT was asserted before the Underwriters' Convention that under the regulations required electric lighting is safer than kerosene.

THE French will lay a cable from Saigon to Hanoi. Harmand, the French Civil Commissioner in Tonquin, has been decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor for his services in the negotiations.

THE express train on the Philadelphia & Atlantic Road was derailed on the 30th at Pleasantville, Pa., and some thirty passengers badly injured.

MISS CATHERINE CONNELLY has been arrested in County Limerick, Ireland, charged as being implicated with her two brothers in a murder conspiracy.

THE conductor of an excursion train put a boy off while under way near Scranton, Pa., on the 30th, causing his instant death under the wheels.

THE United States steamer Tallapoosa, with Secretary Chandler and family on board, left Bangor, Me., for New York on the 30th.

SYLVESTER F. FULLER, the runaway cashier of the Second National Bank of Jefferson, O., and H. L. St. John, his assistant, were arrested on the 30th on the charge of stealing \$50,000 of the bank's money.

NEW volcanoes by the score had suddenly appeared in Java.

A NEW YORK policeman named Maurice McNamara was arrested on the 30th, charged with clubbing a man to death the evening previous.

THE proposed Slade-Mitchell prize fight has been declared off, neither of the principals caring to risk the chances of a sojourn in the Penitentiary, which stared them in the face at every turn.

THE members of the late Board of Fire Commissioners of Baltimore have been indicted for malfeasance in office.

THE Freethinkers' Convention opened at Boston on the 30th.

THERE were eleven deaths from cholera in Alexandria on the 31st; in Upper Egypt, 327, and in Lower Egypt, 9.

POSTMASTER WALSH, of Janvier, N. J., was arrested on the 31st upon the charge of embezzling \$154 of postal funds.

MADISON E. CUTTS, Congressman for the Sixth District of Iowa, was dying of consumption, and on the 31st was not expected to survive the night.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN visited the Cincinnati Board of Trade and made a short speech on the 31st.

ST. BERNARD Commandery Knights Templar, reached home in Chicago on the 31st, were met at the depot by a deputation of 400 Knights from local Commanderies and escorted to St. Bernard Asylum.

ON the night of the 31st, at Newport, Vt., unknown parties stole the engine recently seized from the Southeastern Railroad. An engine went from Canada with several men, who overpowered the keeper, attached the detained engine and made rapidly with it across the border.

NO new cases of fever at Pensacola on the 31st.

ELDRIDGE & SONS' lumber yard burned on the 31st at Fort Howard, Wis.; loss \$300,000.

THE National Womans' Christian Temperance Union commenced its session at Cottage City, Mass., on the 31st.

THE General Assembly of the Knights of Labor begins its session at Cincinnati, September 4.

THE Porte recently refused a British Admiral permission to make surveys for a canal in Palestine.

COLONEL J. A. EKIN, Assistant Quartermaster-General, was placed on the retired list on the 31st.

THE French found no Anamese troops at Hue. The capital had been evacuated when they reached it.

DR. NORVIN GREEN gave the Senate Labor Committee further light on the subject of telegraphy on the 31st.

ESAU SMITH, colored, was hanged on the 31st at St. Joseph, La., for a murder committed eight years ago.

THE Queenstown officials have been censured by the British Government for taking no steps to secure Carey's safety.

A TERRIBLE storm swept the Banks of Newfoundland recently. One hundred fishing dories and eighty men were lost.

THE President of the Hungarian Council had decided to take extreme measures to suppress the anti-Jewish assaults. Martial law and the death penalty were to be enforced.

REPRESENTATIVES of all the distilleries north of the Ohio River held a conference at Chicago on the 31st. An agreement limiting production was signed to take immediate effect.

UNITED STATES Treasurer Wyman on the 31st mailed 11,973 checks for \$2,163,019, representing the interest due on September 1 in registered four and a half per cents.

THE business failures for the week ending the 31st numbered 183 as compared with 165 the previous week, an increase of twenty-one, distributed as follows: New England States 26, Middle States 26, Southern 42, Western 52, Pacific States and Territories 22, Canada and provinces 28, New York City 1.

THE President and party started on their return trip on the 31st, and expected to arrive in Chicago September 4th, where they would remain three days.

### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

THE public debt statement for August showed: Cash in Treasury, \$561,503,386; debt less cash in the Treasury, \$1,536,518,765; decrease during August, \$6,071,851; decrease since July 30, 1883, \$14,572,442.

THE official report showed there had been 27,318 deaths from cholera in Egypt since the outbreak of the epidemic to September 1. There had been 140 deaths among the British troops stationed in Egypt.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee of Massachusetts a call for the State Convention, to be held at Springfield, September 26, was drawn up and accepted. It was authoritatively stated to the committee that General Butler had decided to run for reelection this fall.

HON. E. M. CUTTS, member of Congress from the Seventh District of Iowa, died the other day at Osceola.

A SPECIAL from Peoria, Ill., says it has been definitely ascertained that State's Attorney Louek is short \$10,000 in his public capacity and as custodian of private funds. It is stated that an ignorant peddler, named Jack Mendelshon, in 1879, placed \$4,000 in his hands and Louek gave him bogus mortgages for security, the nature of which was discovered only a few days ago, and resulted in the disclosure of all his shortages. Louek claimed to have lost money in gambling. He is under arrest.

THE authorities of Port Townsend, Washington Territory, have been notified of the smuggling of Chinamen to this country along the coast.

JOHN FENNELLY, watchman at the Treasury Department in Washington, recently shot himself owing to domestic trouble.

THE difference between several west-bound routes as to passenger rates between Cincinnati and St. Louis, culminated last week in an announcement of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad that first-class passenger tickets would be sold for \$1.50. The regular price is \$10.

THE mail train bound west on the Washburn road the other morning ran over and killed a Mrs. Allen and her daughter, a Mrs. Johnson, at Sampson Creek bridge, near Pattonsburg, Mo. The body of each was fearfully mangled.

EVIDENCE in the Frank James trial at Gallatin, Mo., closed at noon on the 1st, and the court adjourned until Monday in order to give counsel time to prepare their arguments.

A FREIGHT train on the Chicago & North-western Railroad was recently wrecked at Cress City, Iowa, and Conductor Wesley Munn and Engineer Wabin instantly killed.

A STEAM engine attached to a threshing machine exploded in a grain field, six miles north of Frankfort, D. T., instantly killing W. Bonnell, Clarence Reed, Geo. Strom and an unknown man, and injuring five others, four of whom were in a critical condition.

### KANSAS STATE NEWS.

#### The State vs. Railroads.

The Legislature last winter authorized Hon. Samuel J. Crawford to represent the State in the prosecution of its claim before the Department at Washington, in all matters pertaining to grants of land made by Congress to aid in the construction of railroads within the State of Kansas. In accordance with this authority, Governor Crawford recently filed a brief before the Secretary of the Interior, showing that a large amount of public land had been wrongfully and without authority of law certified to the State of Kansas for the benefit of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company. Mr. Crawford argues that no indemnity had been earned by the road as there had not been a full compliance with the essential conditions and requirements of the granting act. The grant, the brief declares, was for a railroad from the city of Atchison via Topeka, the capital of the State, to the western line of the State, in the direction of Fort Union and Santa Fe, N. M., with a branch from where this last named crosses the Neosho, down said Neosho Valley to the point where the L. L. & G. enters the Neosho Valley. The Neosho Valley branch was to commence where the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad crosses the river (at Emporia), and run down the Neosho Valley to the point where the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad enters said valley (at Carlyle). The distance between Emporia and Carlyle is fifty miles, and that was the length of the branch for which the grant was intended. But this branch was not built. There is no railroad from Emporia down the Neosho valley to Carlyle. The Neosho branch not having been built, either by the Santa Fe or any other corporation acquiring its franchises, Mr. Crawford argues that the lands lying along the proposed branch could only be applied in the construction of the same, and for no other purpose, as set forth in the granting act. He further argues that the failure to perform the essential condition within a specified time caused the land unsold to revert to the United States, and quotes the law of Congress to sustain him. There has already been certified to the State, and by the State transferred to the railroad company, 2,745,977.50 acres. In addition to this the company has presented an additional list of 189,384.50 acres within granted limits, which awaits action in the department. This is more land than the company would have been entitled to on the main line if the granting act had been fully complied with, and every section had been a full section of six hundred and forty acres, and no reservation had been made of lands previously reserved or otherwise disposed of. He further argues that not only has an enormous amount of the people's lands been wrongfully and without authority of law certified to said railroad company, but by orders from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, all of the odd numbered sections of public land lying between the twenty mile limits, on each side of said road from Atchison to the western line of the State, were withdrawn, and are still withheld from settlement and sale. The odd-numbered sections of indemnity land thus withdrawn and withheld from market contain no less than 800,000 acres more than was embraced within the granted sections at the date of such grant. Governor Crawford believes that every settler who has purchased these Government lands from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company can, so soon as the United States recovers such lands, file upon the same under the homestead, pre-emption or timber culture laws, and then recover the money, with interest thereon, which they have paid the railroad company.

#### Oklahoma Decision.

In the matter of the application of David L. Payne and others for an injunction restraining General Pope and the Secretary of War from interfering to prevent settlers from entering upon and occupying what are commonly known as the Oklahoma Lands, Judge McCarty, in the United States Circuit Court at Topeka, recently rendered his decision denying the injunction. After citing the preliminary facts in the case and describing the territory in dispute, the court said: "Is the land in question subject to entry under the pre-emption and homestead laws of the United States? This is the controlling question in the case. It is to say the least, a question of doubt and one concerning which there is a serious dispute. The Executive branch of the Government after investigation, and being advised by the Attorney General of the United States, has decided in the negative, and has accordingly issued orders to the defendant, John Pope, who, as a Major General of the army, has military command in the Indian Territory, to prevent by force the occupation of the disputed territory by white settlers. Under such circumstances, all that this court can at present be reasonably asked to do, is to preserve the status quo until the final adjudication of the controversy. Where the parties are at issue upon a question of legal right and an injunction is necessary for the purpose of preserving all existing rights until final hearing, a preliminary injunction will generally be granted; but in the present case the existing status would be destroyed, not preserved, by granting the writ. The sole purpose for which the injunction is granted in advance of final hearing in such cases is to preserve the rights of the parties pending the suit, so as to leave the subject matter intact to be dealt with by the court in the final decree. It is to compel the party against whom it is granted to maintain his status by merely until the matters in dispute shall be due process of the courts be determined. To grant the preliminary writ in this case would be, in advance of hearing upon the merits, to open up the disputed territory for settlement, and thus in effect to predetermine the controversy as well as to destroy the present situation. To refuse the writ is to preserve, or at least not to disturb, the existing status. Without, therefore, considering other questions, the motion for preliminary injunction is overruled upon this ground."

#### The Hutchinson Case.

The Railroad Commissioners lately considered the complaint of the Kansas Sugar Refining Company of Hutchinson. It appeared that the complainant shipped from Ellsworth a car-load of machinery used in their business on which a special rate had been given by the railroad company of so much per hundred pounds. When the car reached its destination it was discovered that it had been considerably overloaded, beyond its marked capacity, indicating carelessness. Investigation failed to reveal any disposition to defraud as the rate

was per hundred pounds and not by the car-load. On the excess the railroad company demanded and collected double rates, in accordance with one of their regular rules. As to part of the machinery the manufacturers' weights were used, and the estimate of the forwarding agent taken as to the rest of the material.

The Board decided that after the car had reached its destination the railroad company inflicted "the penalty of double rates on the excess, partly as a compensation for the risk to lives and property to which the carelessness, lack of judgment or cupidity of the shipper has subjected them, and partly to correct the cupidity or poor judgment of others."

"This rule has proven unsafe and insufficient to prevent the wrong; and one more sufficient and effective should be adopted in its place. If all loading of cars were under the direction and supervision of the agents to the railroad company, dangers to persons and property from overloading of cars could be averted more effectually than under the present rule, and the Board is of the opinion that it is the duty of the railroad companies to require their agents to supervise the loading of cars, and see that they are not loaded beyond their carrying capacity, instead of leaving it to the judgment of those who have little or no experience in such matters."

"The Board fully agrees with the railroad company that some rule should be adopted to prevent the overloading of cars, and we are fully convinced that the rule suggested will prove the most effective, and urge its adoption."

#### The Newton Complaint.

In the complaint submitted by the citizens of Newton charging the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road with excessive freight charges, the Railroad Commissioners reviewed the matter in which an agreement was entered into between the Missouri Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, to carry through freight from Emporia Junction to Newton at a certain rate, and in consideration the former road was to receive east-bound freight. The Commissioners decided that the arrangement named in no wise affects the burden of the shipper or in any manner increases his charges. The present arrangement affords to shippers the same rates between St. Louis and points on the A. T. & S. F. Road via Emporia as obtain by way of Kansas City. The apportionment of the through business between the two companies concerned in the carriage of the goods is a matter of arrangement between them, from which mutual advantages are secured, and so long as such arrangement does not injuriously affect the shippers the Board could see no valid objection to it.

#### Miscellaneous.

THE other evening the prisoners confined in the Wyandotte jail attempted to escape by overpowering the jailer as he locked them in. Sheriff Bowling, who only a few moments before had reached the jail, went to the rescue and ordering the prisoners to halt, Peter Hogan, alias Dunbar, under sentence as a confidence man, ran, when the Sheriff shot and mortally wounded him. The others were secured with the exception of Allen Johnson, a colored counterfeiter.

JOHN ALLEN (colored), a widower residing in Shawnee County, recently left his four children at home, and went away to attend to some business. About night two of the smaller children, little girls, attempted to kindle a fire in the stove, using kerosene oil to assist them. The result was an explosion, which threw out a blaze that set the clothing of both children on fire, burning one of them to death before she could get out of the house, and the other so badly that death ensued soon afterwards.

THE other evening Henry Draschler, of Ellsworth, attempted to draw a gun by the muzzle from under his bed when it was discharged, killing him instantly.

IN the case of Craig vs. Morgan the Acting Secretary of the Interior recently decided the settlement made on the Usage Trust and Diminished Reserved Lands in Kansas, where each settler had arranged to sell land to others, does not give the right of entry under act of May, 1880, providing for the sale of these lands to actual settlers only.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Kansas Wool Growers and Sheep Breeders' Association will be held at Topeka on Thursday evening, September 13th. Various topics of interest to the wool growers of Kansas will be brought before this meeting.

THE railroads will take parties to the Leavenworth Soldiers' reunion at one fare the round trip.

POSTOFFICE changes in Kansas during the week ending August 25th, 1883: Established—Parnell, Atchison County; James C. Hotham, Postmaster; Washburn, Bourbon County; Loring B. Washburn, Postmaster; Yankton, Harper County; Stephen C. Oliver, Postmaster. Discontinued—Valdora, Graham County.

A MAN named Hyppfield, while drunk, sat down on the railroad track at Marysville and was killed by a train.

WOLVES chase boys at Topeka. JOHN DOBBS, who recently shot his brother James while employed on Governor Glick's farm in Atchison County, was recently arrested for stealing a watch.

#### A Strengthening Dilution.

What shall it profit a milkman if he owns a \$2,000 Jersey cow and lives on a dairy farm twenty-five miles from the nearest river? Only a few weeks ago such a man moved to a new farm down on Egg Harbor River, which is a tidal stream. He wasn't used to that sort of a thing at all, and was amazed beyond comprehension when his customers mobbed him the second day and encompassed him about and entreated him roughly and smote him sore and danced all over his person and wounded him in divers places. "Y gaul," he said to the policeman who rescued him, "I hope to die if I can understand it at all: I've sold the same kind of milk on the same route twenty-three years, and they never got on it afore." "Salt," said one of his victims, with a howl of renewed wrath. "Salt?" queried the bewildered milkman, "what'n thunder's salt got to do with it? You're too amazin' fresh yourself." And when he went back to the farm he told his hired man to put twice as much water in the cans next morning. "And," he added, "don't you give them knows another grain of salt for two months." The continuance of the telegraph troubles prevents us from giving an account of the next day's scene, but we do know that man has a mystery to struggle over that will make him grow old.—Durlington Hawkeye.

W. P. SEEDS,  
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STAMBAUGH & HURD,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
ABILENE, KANSAS.

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